



**İzmir Kâtip Çelebi University**  
**Department of Engineering Sciences**  
**IKC-MH.55**  
**Scientific Computing with Python**  
**Take-home Final Examination**  
**June 09, 2023 16:00 –June 16, 2023 23:59**  
**Good Luck!**

**NAME-SURNAME:**

**SIGNATURE:**

**ID:**

**DEPARTMENT:**

**DURATION:** Due to June 16, 2023

- ◇ Answer at least 1 question from each parts and at most 5 questions.
- ◇ Prepare your report/codes.
- ◇ Copy your files into a directory named as your ID.
- ◇ Upload a single file by compressing this directory to UBYS.

Question	Grade	Out of
<b>TOTAL</b>		

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## Part I

# Numerical Techniques: Differential Equations - Boundary Value & Eigenvalue Problems

- A) (20pts) Compute the following boundary value problems with the boundary conditions given next to them, and Write a program that compares it to analytical solutions:

$$\begin{aligned}y'' + 2y' + y &= (x + 2)^2 - 2 \quad \text{with } y(0) = 0, \quad y(1) = 2, \\y'' &= y^3 - yy' \quad \text{with } y(1) = 1/2, \quad y(2) = 1/3\end{aligned}$$

The analytical solutions of these equations are:

$$\begin{aligned}y(x) &= x^2 + xe^{x-1} \\y(x) &= \frac{1}{x+1}\end{aligned}$$

- B) (30pts) Write a program that solve the following eigenvalue problems with the given boundary conditions and find the smallest two eigenvalues:

$$\begin{aligned}y'' - 3y' + 2k^2y &= 0 \quad \text{with } y(0) = 0, \quad y(1) = 0, \\y'' + k^2x^2y &= 0 \quad \text{with } y(0) = 0, \quad y(1) = 0\end{aligned}$$

- C) (30pts) **Lennard-Jones potential** It is a widely used potential for the interaction potential between inert gas atoms or neutral molecules. In one-dimensional space, this potential is given by the following expression:

$$V(x) = 4\epsilon \left[ \left( \frac{\sigma}{x} \right)^{12} - \left( \frac{\sigma}{x} \right)^6 \right]$$

Where,  $\epsilon$  is the intensity of the potential, and  $\sigma$  is the equilibrium distance parameters. Take the constants in the Schrödinger equation  $\hbar = m = 1$  and the potential parameters  $\epsilon = 10$  and  $\sigma = 1$ . Write a program to find the ground state energy by solving the Schrödinger equation with the boundary conditions  $\psi(0) = \psi(5) = 0$  in the range  $x : [0, 5]$ .

## Part II

# Numerical Techniques: Linear Algebra and Matrix Computing

A) (20pts) Write a program that solves the following systems of linear equations using Gaussian elimination:

a)

$$\begin{aligned}2x_1 + x_2 - 3x_3 &= -1 \\ -x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 &= 12 \\ 3x_1 + x_2 - 3x_3 &= 0\end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 &= 11 \\ 4x_1 - x_2 + x_3 &= 8 \\ 2x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3 &= 3\end{aligned}$$

B) (30pts) Write a program that first checks that the determinants of the matrices given below are as being nonzero and then calculates their inverses. (There is a simple way to check your results: Multiply each matrix by its inverse and it should result as a unit matrix.)

a)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

b)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -4 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

C) (30pts) Set up a system of equations that give the currents with Kirchhoff's rules for the direct current circuit given in the figure and write a program that calculates these currents.

