1 SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING LABORA-TORY VIII - Device Drivers

Examples&Exercises:

- Kernel and module compilation.
- insmod, modprobe, lsmod, rmmod.
- Analyze the code and output.
- 1. Kernel and module compilation; linux-2.6.20.7.tar.gz
 - Download the kernel code.
 - Extract it to the directory /usr/src
 - Create the symbolic link *linux* to the kernel directory
 - make menuconfig (optional; study the kernel internals)
 - make bzImage
 - make modules
 - make modules_install
- 2. Studying hello module; Makefile, hello.c
 - Study and analyze the codes, outputs.
 - make
 - insmod (or modprobe)
 - lsmod
 - rmmod
- 3. Scull (Simple Character Utility for Loading Localities);
 - Scull is a char driver that acts on a memory area as though it were a device.
 - The advantage of scull is that it isn't hardware dependent. scull just acts on some memory, allocated from the kernel.
 - Anyone can compile and run scull, and scull is portable across the computer architectures on which Linux runs.
 - On the other hand, the device doesn't do anything "useful" other than demonstrate the interface between the kernel and char drivers and allow the user to run some tests.

lddexamples.tgz

- Download the code.
- Study and analyze only the $scull\ {\rm codes}.$